SI. No.	Name of Lake	State	Approved Cost
3.	Sharanabhasveshwara, Gulberga	Kamataka	Rs. 4.89 crore
4.	Akkamahadevi, Haveri	Karnataka	Rs. 2.64 crore
5.	Mahalaxmi Lake, Vadagaon	Maharashtra	Rs. 1.85 crore
6.	Laxminarayanbari Lake, Durgabari Lake & Oimsagar Lake in Agartala	Tripura	Rs. 2.01 crore
7.	Nainital Lake, Nainital	Uttaranchal	Rs 47.97 crore
8.	4 Lakes of Nainital District namely Bhimtal, Sattal Khurpatal & Naukutiatal	Uttaranchal	Rs. 16.85 crore
9.	Mirik Lake, Darjeeling	West Bengal	Rs. 4.01 crore

(c) to (e) Interception and diversion works for domestic wastewater entering into the lakes generally constitute important components of the conservation plans undertaken under the NLCR The diverted sewage under the plan may be either utilized as source for making up the lake water level after treatment through a sewage treatment plant or taken up to an existing sweage treatment plant for treatment depending upon the site specific conditions.

Coverage of Accredited social health activists

*110. SHRIMATI MOHSINA KIDWAI:
SHRI VIJAY J. DARDA:

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are extending the coverage of Accredited Social Health Activists (ASHA) throughout the country to overcome practical problems being faced in their selection as they would be the first port of call for any health-related demands of the people;

(b) if so whether the number of ASHAs is being increased from one per 1000 population to one per 500 population in the under-served areas; and

(c) whether a special dispensation is being made in tribal and economically backward areas where the health and medical coverage is minimal?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (DR. ANBUMANI RAMADOSS):(a) to (c) The National Rural Health Mission (NRHM) envisages having Accredited Social Health Activist (ASHA) for one thousand population in every village in ten high focus States namely Bihar, Jharkhand, Madhya Pradesh, Chhattisgarh, Uttar Pradesh, Uttaranchal, Orissa, Rajasthan, Assam and Jammu & Kashmir. However, the other States are free to have health link workers like ASHA, provided they are ready to meet the cost of their training and medical kits with the Flexible Funds provided to them.

As per the Guidelines issued by the Government of India, one ASHA is to cover a population of one thousand. However in tribal, hilly and desert areas, in the above ten States, the norm could be relaxed to one ASHA per habitation, depending on her workload. The NRHM provides operational freedom to the States to adopt appropriate models, including appointment of link workers for tribal area.

Rotting of Foodgrains

† 111. PROF. ALKA BALRAM KSHATRIYA: Will the Minister of CONSUMER AFFAIRS, FOOD AND PUBLIC DISTRIBUTION be pleased to state:

(a) whether a large quantity of foodgrains is rotting due to lack of storage facilities with the Food Corporation of India;

(b) if so, the quantum and value thereof during last three years, State-wise; and

(c) the remedial steps taken or proposed to be taken by Government in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS, FOOD AND PUBLIC DISTRIBUTION (SHRISHARAD PAWAR): (a) There is adequate storage

† Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.